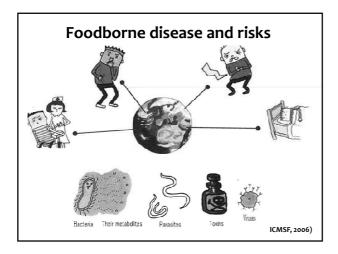
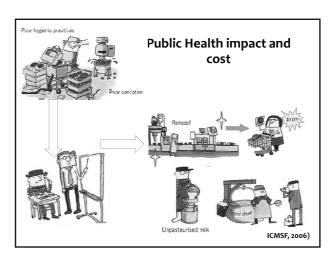
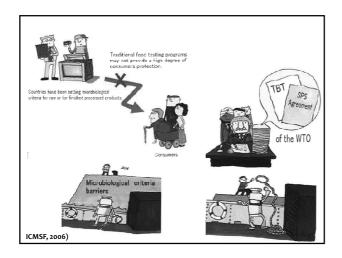


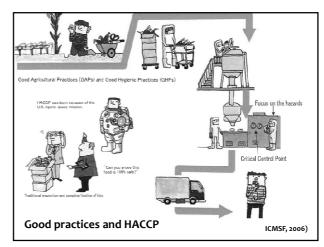
Illustrated ICMSF Simplified Guide to Understanding and Using Food Safety Objectives and Performance Objectives

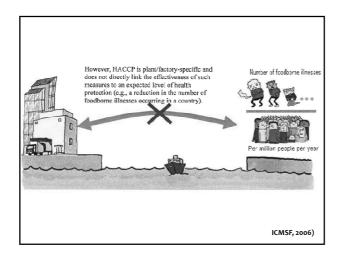
International Commission on Microbiological Specifications For Foods, 2006

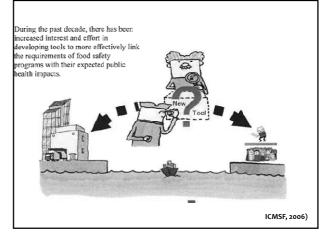


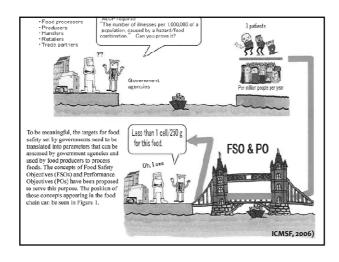


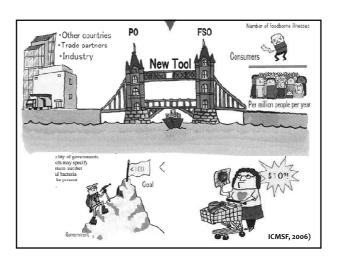


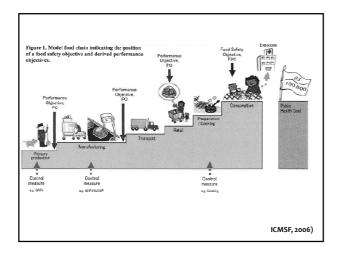


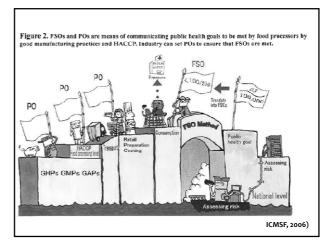


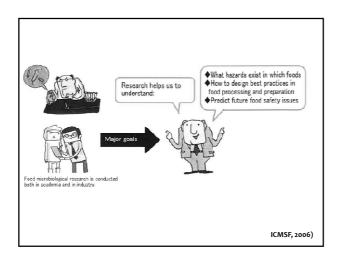




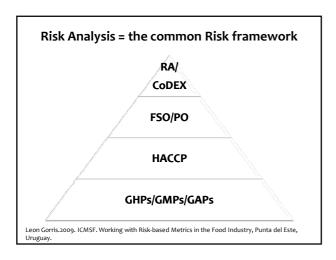


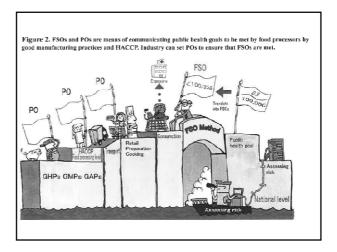








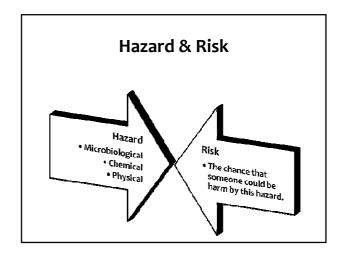




risk assessment

- A risk assessment is simply a careful examination of what, your interest, could cause harm to people
- Taken enough precautions or should do more to prevent harm.

© Crown copyright; the Health and Safety Executive INDG163(rev3) www.hse.gov.uk/pubns/indg163.pdf.



© Crown copyright; the Health and Safety Executive INDG163(rev3) www.hse.gov.uk/pubns/indg163.pdf.

Microbial food safety risk assessment

- 1. Safety assessment uses scientific risk- based method
- 2. Safety assessment conducted on a case-by-case basis
- Consideration is given to both intended and unintended effects
- 4. Comparison are made with conventionally produced food.

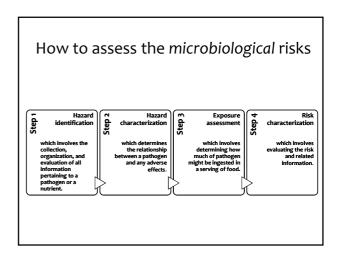
FAO; Project TCP/RER/3107D

"Capacity building in agricultural biotechnologies and biosafety"

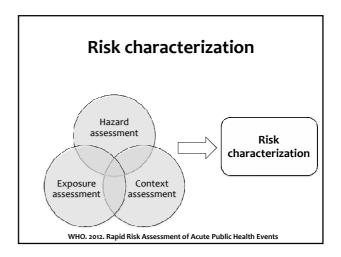
Regional Training in GM Risk Analysis for Armenia, Georgia and Moldova

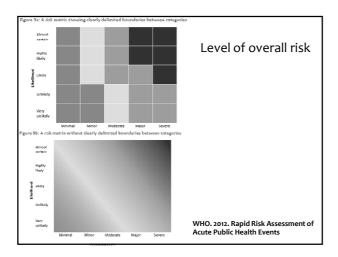
Version Armenia October 2010.

Microbiological Risk Assessment estimates Population level: - Estimated number of cases of illness per year per population (e.g. 100.000 persons) caused by a micro-organism in a food or food group Consumer level - Chance of illness due to consumption of a specific food-product to which a hazard can be associated (risk per serving / event) Leon Gorris.2009. ICMSF. Working with Risk-based Metrics in the Food Industry, Punta del Este, Uruguay.



Microbiological hazards: process steps Hazard identification Identify food-borne pathogen of interest Hazard Characterization Determine the dose-response relationship (volunteers, animals)when possible, or investigate outbreaks Exposure Assessment Calculate the exposure to the hazard at consumption from hazard level and consumption volume/frequency Risk Assessment Combine exposure and dose-response to obtain an estimation of the prevailing risk level or rate of illness





Qualitative risk characterization in risk assessment

used for screening risks to determine whether they merit further investigation, and can be useful in the 'preliminary risk management

World Health Organization Food And Agriculture Organization Of The United Nations 2009 . Risk Characterization of Microbiological Hazards in Food. Microbiological Risk Assessment Series

Qualitative risk characterization in risk assessment

- * FAO/WHO (2004) noted:
- "Qualitative risk assessments may be undertaken, for example, using the process of 'expert elicitation'. Synthesizing the knowledge of experts and describing some uncertainties permits at least a ranking of relative risks, or separation into risk categories. ... As assessors understand how qualitative risk assessments are done, they may become effective tools for risk managers."

World Health Organization Food And Agriculture Organization Of The United Nations 2009 . Risk Characterization of Microbiological Hazards in Food. Microbiological Risk Assessment Series

Quantification in risk assessment

- * The degree of quantification
- * Numerical data available
- * How quick the assessment is required
- * complexity of the issues
- * poor data or inappropriate quantitative techniques

WHO. 2012. Rapid Risk Assessment of Acute Public Health Events

